## **APPENDIX C**

## THE SEVEN PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL VALUE:

As set out by Social Value International and used by Business Intelligence Team at Leicestershire County Council.

- Involve stakeholders

   Inform what gets measured and how this is measured and valued in an account of social value by involving stakeholders.
- 2. **Understand what changes –** Articulate how change is created and evaluate this through evidence gathered, recognising positive and negative changes as well as those that are intended and unintended.
- 3. **Value the things that matter –** Making decisions about allocating resources between different options needs to recognise the values of stakeholders. Value refers to the relative importance of different outcomes. It is informed by stakeholders' preferences.
- 4. **Only include what is material –** Determine what information and evidence must be included in the accounts to give a true and fair picture, such that stakeholders can draw reasonable conclusions about impact.
- 5. **Do not over-claim –** Only claim the value that activities are responsible for creating.
- Be transparent Demonstrate the basis on which the analysis may be considered accurate and honest, and show that it will be reported to and discussed with stakeholders.
- 7. **Verify the result –** Ensure appropriate independent assurance.

http://socialvalueint.org/our-work/principles-of-social-value/

